IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 93-1640 Conference Calendar

CHARLES ALLEN KING,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

versus

JOE CHEYNE, Scurry County Sheriff Department, ET AL.,

Defendants-Appellants.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas
USDC No. 5:93-CV-141-C
(December 15, 1993)

Before GARWOOD, JOLLY, and BARKSDALE, Circuit Judges.

BY THE COURT:

This case is here on a motion to proceed <u>in forma pauperis</u> (IFP) on appeal. This Court may authorize King to proceed <u>in forma pauperis</u> on appeal if he is unable to pay the costs of the appeal and the appeal is taken in good faith, i.e., the appeal presents nonfrivolous issues. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a); <u>Holmes v. Hardy</u>, 852 F.2d 151, 153 (5th Cir.), <u>cert. denied</u>, 488 U.S. 931 (1988).

Charles Allen King filed this civil rights action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 alleging that the defendants conspired to violate his constitutional rights by fabricating evidence used to obtain a conviction for a crime he never committed. The district court

dismissed his suit as frivolous under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(d), holding that King's claim for conspiracy to violate his civil rights was properly a § 1985 claim, not a § 1983 claim, and that King had not alleged the class-based animus required under § 1985.

A § 1915(d) dismissal is reviewed for abuse of discretion.

Denton v. Hernandez, ____ U.S. ____, 112 S.Ct. 1728, 1733-34, 118

L.Ed.2d 340 (1992). A district court may dismiss an <u>in forma</u>

pauperis complaint if it is frivolous, that is, if it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in fact. <u>Id</u>.

King's appeal is not frivolous. A plaintiff may assert conspiracy claims under § 1983. <u>Pfannstiel v. City of Marion</u>, 918 F.2d 1178, 1187 (5th Cir. 1990). The district court's dismissal was based on an erroneous legal conclusion and was an abuse of discretion. <u>See Moore v. Mabus</u>, 976 F.2d 268, 270 (5th Cir. 1992).

King's IFP motion shows that he is incarcerated in the Texas

Department of Criminal Justice - Institutional Division and that

he has no money in his inmate trust fund. He has established

pauper status.

IT IS ORDERED that King's motion for IFP is GRANTED; the judgment of the district court is VACATED, and this case is REMANDED for further proceedings.