United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit

No. 24-10466 Summary Calendar United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit FILED January 14, 2025

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Lyle W. Cayce Clerk

Plaintiff—Appellee,

versus

DAMONI OWENS,

Defendant—Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas USDC No. 4:15-CR-37-1

Before DAVIS, SMITH, and HIGGINSON, *Circuit Judges*. PER CURIAM:^{*}

Damoni Owens appeals from the judgment revoking his term of supervised release and sentencing him to two years of imprisonment. For the first time on appeal, Owens contests the constitutionality of 18 U.S.C. § 3583(g), which mandates revocation of supervised release and imposition

^{*} This opinion is not designated for publication. See 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.

No. 24-10466

of a term of imprisonment for any offender who violates specified conditions of supervised release, including the requirement to submit to drug testing.

Relying on *United States v. Haymond*, 588 U.S. 634 (2019), Owens maintains that § 3583(g) is unconstitutional because it requires revocation of a term of supervised release and imposition of a term of imprisonment without affording the defendant the constitutionally guaranteed right to a jury trial and requiring proof beyond a reasonable doubt. He acknowledges, however, that his challenge is foreclosed by our decision in *United States v. Garner*, 969 F.3d 550 (5th Cir. 2020), and merely asserts the issue to preserve it for further review. The Government has filed an unopposed motion for summary affirmance or, in the alternative, for an extension of time to file its brief.

In *Garner*, we rejected the argument that Owens has asserted and held that § 3583(g) is not unconstitutional under *Haymond*. See Garner, 969 F.3d at 551-53. Because Owens's sole argument on appeal is foreclosed, summary affirmance is appropriate. See Groendyke Transp., Inc. v. Davis, 406 F.2d 1158, 1162 (5th Cir. 1969). Thus, the Government's motion for summary affirmance is GRANTED, its alternative motion for an extension of time to file a brief is DENIED, and the district court's judgment is AFFIRMED.