

April 23, 2003

Charles R. Fulbruge III
Clerk

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 02-51268
Conference Calendar

BILL RUTHERFORD,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

versus

BOARD OF PARDONS AND PAROLES,

Defendant-Appellee.

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the Western District of Texas
USDC No. W-02-CV-310

Before DAVIS, BARKSDALE, and STEWART, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:*

Bill Rutherford, Texas prisoner # 275320, has filed a motion for leave to proceed in forma pauperis (IFP) in his appeal of the district court's dismissal of his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action as frivolous under Heck v. Humphrey, 512 U.S. 477, 487 (1994). He argues that: (1) the laws in effect at the time of the commission of his offense on July 30, 1977, govern the revocation of his parole for that offense; (2) his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action is based on Morrissey v. Brewer, 408 U.S. 471, 488 (1972) and is

* Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

not frivolous; and (3) the retroactive application of laws enacted after the commission of his offense violated his constitutional rights. Rutherford does not argue that Heck is inapplicable or that the parole revocation proceeding that he is challenging has been reversed or invalidated. Because Rutherford does not provide any analysis of this issue, he therefore waives any appeal of it. See United States v. Reyes, 300 F.3d 555, 558 n.2 (5th Cir. 2002); American States Ins. Co. v. Bailey, 133 F.3d 363, 372 (5th Cir. 1998). Because Rutherford has not shown that the district court erred in certifying that an appeal would not be taken in good faith, his motion to proceed IFP is DENIED, and his appeal is DISMISSED as frivolous. See Baugh v. Taylor, 117 F.3d 197, 202 n.24 (5th Cir. 1997); 5TH CIR. R. 42.2.

The district court's dismissal of his complaint and this court's dismissal of this appeal as frivolous each count as a strike under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). See Adepegba v. Hammons, 103 F.3d 383, 385-87 (5th Cir. 1996). Rutherford has received strikes in the following cases: Rutherford v. Board of Pardons and Paroles, No. 02-51262, Rutherford v. Disciplinary Case, No. 02-11050, Rutherford v. Board of Pardons and Paroles, No. 02-51266, Rutherford v. Board of Pardons and Paroles, No. 02-51259, Rutherford v. Board of Pardons and Paroles, No. 02-51260, and Rutherford v. Bell County Jail Administrator, No. 02-51261. Rutherford has now accumulated over three strikes under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g), and he may not proceed IFP in any

civil action or appeal filed while he is incarcerated or detained in any facility unless he is under imminent danger of serious physical injury. See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

IFP MOTION DENIED; APPEAL DISMISSED; 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g)
BAR IMPOSED.