United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

October 22, 2003

Charles R. Fulbruge III Clerk

No. 02-41644 Conference Calendar

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

ELIAS MARTINEZ-MATA,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas USDC No. L-02-CR-440-1

Before KING, Chief Judge, and JOLLY and STEWART, Circuit Judges.
PER CURIAM:*

Elias Martinez-Mata ("Martinez") appeals his guilty-plea conviction and sentence for illegal reentry following deportation. Martinez argues pursuant to Apprendi v. New Jersey, 530 U.S. 466 (2000), that the "felony" and "aggravated felony" provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b)(1) and (2) are elements of the offense, not sentence enhancements, making those provisions unconstitutional. Martinez concedes that this argument is foreclosed by Almendarez-Torres v. United States, 523 U.S. 224

 $^{^{*}}$ Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

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(1998), and he raises it for possible direct review by the Supreme Court.

Martinez's <u>Apprendi</u> argument is foreclosed by <u>Almendarez-Torres</u>, 523 U.S. at 235. We must follow the precedent set in <u>Almendarez-Torres</u> "unless and until the Supreme Court itself determines to overrule it." <u>United States v. Dabeit</u>, 231 F.3d 979, 984 (5th Cir. 2000) (internal quotation and citation omitted).

AFFIRMED.