IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 95-50619 No. 95-50659 Summary Calendar

-

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

ROBERT JESSE SMALLWOOD,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas

(SA-95-CA-0167 & SA-89-CR-301)

September 25,1996

Before GARWOOD, JOLLY and DENNIS, Circuit Judges.*

PER CURIAM:

Robert Jesse Smallwood appeals from the district court's denial of his motion to vacate, set aside, or correct his sentence pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255. Smallwood argues that the district court followed improper procedure in denying his motion by shifting to him the burden of proof on the prejudice prong of his

^{*}Pursuant to Local Rule 47.5, the Court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in Local Rule 47.5.4.

ineffective assistance of counsel claims and that he was entitled to an evidentiary hearing on the issue. We have reviewed the record and find no reversible error. The district court properly analyzed Smallwood's claim. Accordingly, we affirm essentially for the reasons adopted by the district court. See United States v. Smallwood, No. SA-95-CA-0167 (W.D. Tex. July 27, 1995); see also United States v. Smallwood, No. SA-95-CV-0166 (W.D. Tex. Aug. 7, 1995). Smallwood was not entitled to an evidentiary hearing. See United States v. Acklen, 47 F.3d 739, 743 (5th Cir. 1995); United States v. Auten, 632 F.2d 478, 480 (5th Cir. 1980). Smallwood abandons on appeal, by failing to brief the issue, his substantive claims of ineffective assistance of counsel. Brinkmann v. Abner, 813 F.2d 744, 748 (5th Cir. 1987); see Fed. R. App. P. 28(a)(6).

AFFIRMED