## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 95-10883 Summary Calendar

PHILIP DODSON LAQUEY,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

versus

TOM GREEN, CO. JAIL; U.E. SKAINS; O'DELL DENTON; S.A. SOBREDO, JR., Dr.,

Defendants-Appellees.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of Texas USDC No. 6:95-CV-063-C December 4, 1994 Before WIENER, PARKER and DENNIS, Circuit Judges. PER CURIAM:\*

Philip Dodson Laquey appeals from the district court's dismissal of his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 complaint alleging that he had been denied proper medical care. The record does not support the district court's findings that Laquey "agreed" with the magistrate judge that he had received adequate medical care or that his complaint should be dismissed. The district court clearly erred in making these findings because a review of the

<sup>\*</sup> Local Rule 47.5 provides: "The publication of opinions that have no precedential value and merely decide particular cases on the basis of well-settled principles of law imposes needless expense on the public and burdens on the legal profession." Pursuant to that Rule, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published.

recording of the Spears hearing leads to the definite and firm conviction that a mistake has been committed. See Anderson v. City of Bessemer City, 470 U.S. 564, 573 (1985). Moreover, a review of the recording of the Spears hearing indicates that Laquey raised a valid denial-of-medical-care claim against the jail. Laquey's allegation that he was denied psychiatric treatment raises an Eighth Amendment violation. See Woodall v. Foti, 648 F.2d 268, 272-73 (5th Cir. Unit A June 1981). Further, Laquey alleged that the jail had an official policy against giving prisoners anti-depressants. A deficient policy can implicate the supervisory officials who implemented the policy, even if those defendants were not directly involved in the denial Thompkins v. Belt, 828 F.2d 298, 304 (5th Cir. 1987). of care. Because the district court's dismissal of the complaint based upon Laquey's purported agreement was in error, and because Laquey has raised a non-frivolous issue, the judgment of the district court is VACATED and the case is REMANDED for further proceedings.