## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

	No. 14-10694 c/w No. 14-10702	United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit FILED November 12, 2015
In re: JAMIE PERKINS,		Lyle W. Cayce
		Clerk
_	Movant	O.O.I.
the Unit Northern D	tons for an order authorizing ted States District Court for the District of Texas, Dallas to conside essive 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motion	er
Cons. w/No. 14-10801		
	No. 14-10801 USDC No. 3:14-CV-2183 USDC No. 3:97-CR-55-21	
UNITED STATES OF AME	ERICA,	
	Plaintiff - Appellee	9
v.		
JAMIE PERKINS,		
	Defendant - Appel	lant

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No. 14-10694 c/w No. 14-10702 c/w No. 14-10801

Before DAVIS, JONES, and HAYNES, Circuit Judges. PER CURIAM:\*

In this consolidated matter, Jamie Perkins, federal prisoner # 46483-177, seeks a certificate of appealability (COA) to challenge a district court's order transferring his 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motion to this court as an unauthorized second or successive § 2255 motion to vacate, set aside, or correct sentence. Perkins also seeks authorization to file a successive § 2255 motion. In these various motions, Perkins seeks to challenge his guilty plea conviction on, as relevant here, several weapons-related charges for which the district court sentenced him to 10 years of imprisonment on a charge involving a shotgun and 20 years of imprisonment on a charge involving a pistol. In connection with his claims, Perkins also seeks appointment of counsel and leave to amend his motions for authorization to file a successive § 2255 motion.

We have recently held that the transfer of an unauthorized § 2255 motion is not a final order under 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1)(B) and, therefore, Perkins does not need to obtain a COA to appeal the district court's transfer of his § 2255 motion. See United States v. Fulton, 780 F.3d 683, 688 (5th Cir. 2015). Nonetheless, we have also recently rejected the contention Perkins makes here that his § 2255 motion is not successive because he filed it after he was resentenced under 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) which occurred after Perkins filed his first § 2255 motion. See United States v. Jones, 796 F.3d 483, 486 (5th Cir. 2015). We therefore affirm the district court's transfer of Perkins's § 2255 motion to this court based on it being a successive motion.

 $^*$  Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH

CIR. R. 47.5.4.

> No. 14-10694 c/w No. 14-10702 c/w No. 14-10801

We may authorize the filing of such a successive § 2255 motion only if Perkins makes a prima facie showing that his proposed claims rely on either (1) "newly discovered evidence that, if proven and viewed in light of the evidence as a whole," would establish by clear and convincing evidence that no reasonable factfinder would have found her guilty of the offense; or (2) "a new rule of constitutional law, made retroactive to cases on collateral review by the Supreme Court, that was previously unavailable." 28 U.S.C. § 2255(h); see 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(3)(C); Reyes-Requena v. United States, 243 F.3d 893, 897-98 (5th Cir. 2001). Perkins does not assert that he has newly discovered evidence, and we have rejected his contention that Alleyne v. United States, 133 S. Ct. 2151 (2013), is retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review. See In re Kemper, 735 F.3d 211, 212 (5th Cir. 2013). Our holding in Kemper applies equally to Perkins's proposed new claim in his motion to amend the motion for leave to file a successive § 2255 motion, and his proposed amendment is therefore futile. See 735 F.3d at 212. Perkins has not made the required showing under § 2244(b)(3)(C) for authorization to file a successive § 2255 motion.

IT IS ORDERED that Perkins's motion for a COA in matter no. 14-10801 is DENIED as unnecessary, his motions for authorization to file a second or successive § 2255 motion in matters no. 14-10694 & 14-10702 are DENIED under §2255(h), his motion for leave to amend his motion for authorization to file a successive § 2255 motion is DENIED as futile, his motion for appointment of counsel is DENIED likewise, and the district court's transfer of Perkins's unauthorized successive § 2255 motion in matter no. 14-10801 is AFFIRMED.