United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

September 24, 2003

Charles R. Fulbruge III Clerk

No. 03-60013 Summary Calendar

ADEL KASSAM JAMAL,

Petitioner,

versus

JOHN ASHCROFT, U.S. ATTORNEY GENERAL,

Respondent.

Petition for Review of an Order of the Board of Immigration Appeals BIA No. A78 602 435

Before JOLLY, WIENER, and CLEMENT, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:*

Adel Kassam Jamal petitions this court to review the decision of the Board of Immigration Appeals (BIA) affirming the immigration judge's (IJ) denial of relief. The IJ denied Jamal's requests for asylum, withholding of removal, relief under the Convention Against Torture (CAT), and voluntary departure.

As a preliminary matter, we DENY the respondent's motion to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction. As the respondent concedes, Jamal's petition for review, which was originally filed in the

 $^{^{*}}$ Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

wrong court, was timely. <u>See</u> 28 U.S.C. § 1631. Accordingly, we have jurisdiction.

Jamal has waived any challenge to the IJ's determination that his asylum application was untimely by failing to brief the issue. See Rodriguez v. INS, 9 F.3d 408, 414 n.15 (5th Cir. 1993). He has also waived any challenge to the IJ's denial of relief under the CAT, as well as to the IJ's denial of voluntary departure, by failing to address these claims in his brief. See id.

The IJ's denial of withholding of removal was based largely on a determination that Jamal's testimony was not credible. Given the many inconsistencies in Jamal's testimony noted by the IJ, we conclude that the IJ's credibility finding is a reasonable interpretation of the record. See Chun v. INS, 40 F.3d 76, 79 (5th Cir. 1994). As Jamal has failed to point to any evidence, other than his testimony, which would support his claim, we conclude that the IJ's determination that Jamal has not established an entitlement to withholding of removal was based on substantial evidence. See id.

PETITION FOR REVIEW DENIED; MOTION TO DISMISS DENIED.