United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

August 20, 2003

Charles R. Fulbruge III Clerk

No. 02-50549 Conference Calendar

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

THURMAN D. PAYNE,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas USDC No. EP-01-CR-899-3

Before JONES, WIENER, and BENAVIDES, Circuit Judges. PER CURTAM:*

Court-appointed counsel for Thurman D. Payne has moved for leave to withdraw from this appeal and has filed a brief pursuant to <u>Anders v. California</u>, 386 U.S. 738 (1967). Payne has filed a response to the motion, contending that the district court's determination of drug quantity was arbitrary, that he should have been granted an offense-level reduction as a minimal participant, that he was denied the effective assistance of counsel at sentencing, and that his counsel had a conflict of interest.

 $^{^*}$ Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

Payne moves for leave to file supplements to his <u>Anders</u> response, in which he asserts additional sentencing and counsel-conflict issues; those motions are GRANTED.

Our independent review of the brief, the record, and Payne's response discloses no nonfrivolous issue for appeal. Payne waived the right to appeal his sentence except upon limited grounds. The sentencing issues he asserts are waived. <u>See</u> <u>United States v. Melancon</u>, 972 F.2d 566, 567 (5th Cir. 1992). Although Payne's appeal waiver excepted his claims pertaining to ineffective assistance of counsel, including his conflict-of-interest claim, we decline to address those issues on direct appeal, without prejudice to Payne's right to assert such claims in a motion pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255. <u>See Massaro v. United States v. United States v. Bounds</u>, 943 F.2d 541, 544 (5th Cir. 1991).

Accordingly, counsel's motion for leave to withdraw is GRANTED, counsel is excused from further responsibilities herein, and the APPEAL IS DISMISSED. <u>See</u> 5TH CIR. R. 42.2.