IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 01-40787 Summary Calendar

W. HAROLD SELLERS,

Petitioner-Appellant,

versus

E.V. CHANDLER, Warden, Custodian of Mr. Sellers, United States Bureau of Prisons, Federal Prison Camp, Beaumont, Texas; RONALD G. THOMPSON, South Central Regional Administrator, United States Bureau of Prisons,

Respondents-Appellees.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas

USDC No. 1:01-CV-177

July 30, 2002

Before JOLLY, HIGGINBOTHAM and PARKER, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:*

W. Harold Sellers appeals from the denial of his 28 U.S.C. § 2241 petition. He argues that the district court erred in determining that his challenge to the indictment in light of Neder v. United States, 527 U.S. 1, 20 (1999), did not meet the

 $^{^{*}}$ Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

criteria for bringing a claim pursuant to the "savings clause" of 28 U.S.C. § 2255.

"[T]he savings clause of § 2255 applies to a claim (i) that is based on a retroactively applicable Supreme Court decision which established that the petitioner may have been convicted of a nonexistent offense and (ii) that was foreclosed by circuit law at the time when the claim should have been raised in the petitioner's trial, appeal, or first § 2255 motion."

Reyes-Requena v. United States, 243 F.3d 893, 904 (5th Cir. 2001).

We pretermit the issue whether <u>Neder</u> is retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review, because Sellers cannot show that his challenge to the indictment was foreclosed at the time of his first 28 U.S.C. § 2255 motion. As this court previously noted, Sellers had ample opportunity to raise this claim prior the denial of that motion. He therefore has not shown that the district court erred in dismissing his petition, and the judgement of the district court is AFFIRMED.