

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

No. 00-10946
Conference Calendar

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

JAIME VELAZQUEZ-DELALUZ, also known as
Jaime Velazques-DeLaLuz,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the Northern District of Texas
USDC No. 3:00-CR-160-1-P

April 12, 2001

Before JOLLY, HIGGINBOTHAM, and JONES, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:*

Jaime Velazquez-Delaluz (Velazquez) appeals his 80-month sentence imposed following his plea of guilty to the charge of being found in the United States after deportation, a violation of 8 U.S.C. § 1326. Velazquez contends that the prior felony conviction that resulted in his increased sentence under 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b)(2) was an element of the offense that should have been charged in the indictment.

* Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

Velazquez acknowledges that his argument is foreclosed by the Supreme Court's decision in Almendarez-Torres v. United States, 523 U.S. 224, 226-27 (1998), but he seeks to preserve the issue for Supreme Court review in light of the decision in Apprendi v. New Jersey, 120 S. Ct. 2348, 2362-63 (2000).

Apprendi did not overrule Almendarez-Torres. See Apprendi, 120 S. Ct. at 2362; United States v. Dabeit, 231 F.3d 979, 984 (5th Cir. 2000), cert. denied, 121 S. Ct. 1214 (2001).

Velazquez's argument is foreclosed. The judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED.