United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

## FILED

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

October 5, 2006

Charles R. Fulbruge III Clerk

No. 06-50206 Conference Calendar

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

JOSE JUAN ARRIAGA-LOPEZ, also known as Juan Arriaga-Martinez, also known as Jose Juan Lopez-Arriaga,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas USDC No. 3:05-CR-1917-ALL

-----

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Before JONES, Chief Judge, and SMITH and STEWART, Circuit Judges.
PER CURIAM:\*

Appealing the Judgment in a Criminal Case, Jose Juan Arriaga-Lopez raises arguments that are foreclosed by Almendarez-Torres v. United States, 523 U.S. 224, 235 (1998), which held that 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b)(2) is a penalty provision and not a separate criminal offense, and by United States v.

Hinojosa-Lopez, 130 F.3d 691, 694 (5th Cir. 1997), which held that a Texas felony conviction for possession of marijuana was an "aggravated felony" under § 2L1.2(b) of the Sentencing

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

No. 06-50206

Guidelines. The Government's motion for summary affirmance is GRANTED, and the judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED.