

October 5, 2006

Charles R. Fulbruge III  
Clerk

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

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No. 05-50378  
Conference Calendar

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

ANTONIO VASQUEZ-SANCHEZ, also known as Antonio  
Vasquez-Cuevas, also known as Guadalupe Esparza-Garcia,

Defendant-Appellant.

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Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the Western District of Texas  
USDC No. 3:04-CR-1863-ALL  
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Before JONES, Chief Judge, and SMITH and STEWART, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:\*

Appealing the Judgment in a Criminal Case, Antonio Vasquez-Sanchez raises arguments that are foreclosed by United States v. Murillo-Lopez, 444 F.3d 337, 344-45 (5th Cir. 2006), which held that a California conviction for burglary of an inhabited dwelling house was equivalent to burglary of a dwelling and therefore was a crime of violence under U.S.S.G. § 2L1.2, and by Almendarez-Torres v. United States, 523 U.S. 224, 235 (1998), which held that 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b)(2) is a penalty provision and

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\* Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

not a separate criminal offense. The Government's motion for summary affirmance is GRANTED, and the judgment of the district court is AFFIRMED.