United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

February 23, 2006

Charles R. Fulbruge III Clerk

No. 05-40807 Conference Calendar

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

ISIDRO GABRIEL MORALES,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas USDC No. 1:04-CR-1006-ALL

Before GARZA, DENNIS, and PRADO, Circuit Judges.
PER CURTAM:*

Isidro Gabriel Morales appeals his sentence under 8 U.S.C. § 1326(a) and (b) for illegal reentry into the United States after having been deported following conviction for an aggravated felony. Morales asserts that the "felony" and "aggravated felony" provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b) are facially unconstitutional.

The constitutional issue raised is foreclosed by <u>Almendarez-Torres v. United States</u>, 523 U.S. 224, 235 (1998). Although

^{*} Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

Morales contends that <u>Almendarez-Torres</u> was incorrectly decided and that majority of the Supreme Court would overrule it in light of <u>Apprendi v. New Jersey</u>, 530 U.S. 466 (2000), we have repeatedly rejected such arguments on the basis that <u>Almendarez-Torres</u> remains binding. <u>See United States v. Garza-Lopez</u>, 410 F.3d 268, 276 (5th Cir.), <u>cert. denied</u>, 126 S. Ct. 298 (2005). Morales properly concedes that his argument is foreclosed in light of <u>Almendarez-Torres</u> and circuit precedent, but he raises it here to preserve it for further review.

The district court's judgment is AFFIRMED.