United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit

FILED

August 18, 2004

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT

Charles R. Fulbruge III
Clerk

No. 04-20114 Conference Calendar

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff-Appellee,

versus

BENITO MANCILLA REAL,

Defendant-Appellant.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas USDC No. H-03-CR-426-ALL

Before HIGGINBOTHAM, DAVIS, and PICKERING, Circuit Judges.
PER CURIAM:*

Benito Mancilla Real appeals from his conviction of possession with intent to distribute methamphetamine. He contends for the first time on appeal that 21 U.S.C. § 841 is unconstitutional because Congress and the federal courts intended for drug amounts to be a sentencing factor and not elements of separate offenses, a scheme rendered unconstitutional by <a href="https://www.apprendivelocity.com/apprendiv

^{*} Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

to preserve the issue for further review. Real further argues that his <u>Apprendi</u> contention was not waived by the waiver provision in his plea agreement.

We will address Real's <u>Apprendi</u> contention on the merits.

<u>See United States v. Longoria</u>, 298 F.3d 367, 370-73 (5th Cir.)(en banc), <u>cert. denied</u>, 537 U.S. 1038 (2002). <u>Apprendi</u> did not render 21 U.S.C. § 841 facially unconstitutional. <u>United States v. Slaughter</u>, 238 F.3d 580, 582 (5th Cir. 2000). Real has failed to show error, plain or otherwise, regarding the constitutionality of 21 U.S.C. § 841. <u>See FED. R. CRIM. P. 52(b)</u>. AFFIRMED.